

2025
TULANE INTERNATIONAL
BASEBALL ARBITRATION
COMPETITION

Submitted on behalf of the Club by:

Team 15
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January 15, 2025

Club presentation in support of the club's proposed salary in the arbitration between:

Alexis Díaz v. Cincinnati Reds

Service time: 3.000 (1TE)

Club filing: \$4,000,000

Player filing: \$5,000,000

Midpoint: \$4,500,000



Disclaimer: *In accordance with arbitration guidelines, all 2020 counting statistics and any relevant career totals have been extrapolated to reflect a full season, using the standard multiplier of 2.7.*

These adjustments have been applied consistently across all comparable players and are reflected in the tables and analyses presented herein.

Salary Arbitration Criteria



CBA Article VI, Section E (10):

a) The criteria can be the quality of the Player's contribution to his Club during the past season (including but not limited to his overall performance, special qualities of leadership and public appeal), the length and consistency of his career contribution, the record of the Player's past compensation, comparative baseball salaries (see paragraph (11) below for confidential salary data), the existence of any physical or mental defects on the part of the Player, and the recent performance record of the Club including but not limited to its League standing and attendance as an indication of public acceptance (subject to the exclusion stated in subparagraph (b)(i) below). Except as set forth in subsections 10(b) and 10(c) below, any evidence may be submitted which is relevant to the above criteria, and the arbitration panel shall assign such weight to the evidence as shall appear appropriate under the circumstances. The arbitration panel shall, except for a Player with five or more years of Major League service, give particular attention, for comparative salary purposes, to the contracts of Players with Major League service not exceeding one annual service group above the Player's annual service group. This shall not limit the ability of a Player or his representative, because of special accomplishment, to argue the equal relevance of salaries of Players without regard to service, and the arbitration panel shall give whatever weight to such argument as is deemed appropriate.

b) Evidence of the following shall not be admissible:

i. The financial position of the Player and the Club;

ii. Press comments, testimonials or similar material bearing on the performance of either the Player or the Club, except that recognized annual Player awards for playing excellence shall not be excluded;

iii. Offers made by either Player or Club prior to arbitration;

iv. The cost to the parties of their representatives, attorneys, etc.;

v. Salaries in other sports or occupations.

vi. The existence of the Pre-Arbitration Performance Bonus Program described in Article XV(D), including the criteria and any amounts earned pursuant to the Program.

vii. The potential impact of the hearing on the Player's eligibility for termination pay under paragraph (3) above.

c) Admissible Statistics. Only publicly available statistics shall be admissible. For purposes of this provision, publicly available statistics shall include data available through subscription-only websites (e.g., Baseball Prospectus). Statistics and data generated through the use of performance technology, wearable technology, or "STATCAST", whether publicly available or not, shall not be admissible.

Glossary

	Definition		Definition
rWAR	Wins Above Replacement (Baseball Reference): A comprehensive stat measuring total player value.	ERA	Earned Run Average: The number of earned runs allowed per nine innings pitched.
fWAR	Wins Above Replacement (Fangraphs): A comprehensive stat measuring total player value.	FIP	Fielding Independent Pitching: Measures pitching performance independent of fielding.
G	Games Played.	WHIP	Walks + Hits per Inning Pitched: A measure of baserunners allowed per inning.
GF	Games Finished: Games in which the pitcher was the last to pitch for their team.	ERA+	ERA Adjusted: Normalized ERA accounting for league and park factors.
IP	Innings Pitched: Total innings a pitcher has thrown.	gmLI	Leverage Index at Game Entry: Measures the importance of a pitcher's appearances.
H	Hits Allowed: Total number of hits allowed by a pitcher.	SV	Saves: Total number of games successfully closed by a pitcher in save situations.
HR	Home Runs Allowed: Total number of home runs given up by a pitcher.	BS	Blown Saves: Total number of games where the pitcher failed to convert a save opportunity.
BB	Walks Issued: Total number of batters walked.	HLD	Holds: Total number of games where the pitcher maintained a lead for another pitcher to earn a save.
SO	Strikeouts: Total number of batters struck out.	Holds+Saves	Combined total of saves and holds.
HBP	Hit Batters: Total number of batters hit by a pitch.	SO/BB	Strikeout-to-Walk Ratio: Ratio of strikeouts to walks issued.
BF	Batters Faced: Total number of opposing batters a pitcher faced.		
H/9	Hits Allowed per Nine Innings: Number of hits allowed per nine innings pitched.	PY	Platform Year: The player's most recent season, used as the basis for arbitration.
HR/9	Home Runs Allowed per Nine Innings: Number of home runs allowed per nine innings.	PY-1	One season before the platform year.
BB/9	Walks per Nine Innings: Number of walks issued per nine innings.	PY-2	Two seasons before the platform year.
SO/9	Strikeouts per Nine Innings: Number of strikeouts per nine innings pitched.	PY-3	Three seasons before the platform year.
DRS	Defensive Runs Saved: A measure of runs saved or lost due to defensive performance.	1SAE	First-Time Salary Arbitration Eligible: Player's first season eligible for salary arbitration.
SB	Stolen Base Attempts: Total attempted steals against the catcher.		
CS	Caught Stealing: Total baserunners caught stealing by a catcher.		
CS%	Caught Stealing Percentage: Percentage of runners caught stealing by a catcher.		

Alexis Díaz : Player Profile

CINCINNATI
REDS



Major League Service: **3.000 (1TE)**

2023 Salary: **\$760,000**

Position: **Relief Pitcher**

Bats: **Right**

Throws: **Right**



Career Major League Statistics

Season	Age	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	H	ER	HR	BB	SO	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
2022	25	1.1	1.84	59	10	12	4	63.2	28	13	5	33	83	237	3.32	0.958	4.0	0.7	4.7	11.7	2.52	1.58
2023	26	1.8	3.07	71	37	2	3	67.1	44	23	4	36	86	152	3.52	1.188	5.9	0.5	4.8	11.5	2.39	2.09
2024	27	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	42	25	6	31	55	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
Career Total		3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	114	61	15	100	224	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75

Platform Year

Length and Consistency of
Career Contributions

Past Compensation

Comparable Salaries

Existence of
Physical Defects

Team Success

5

Alexis Díaz : Background



- Alexis Díaz attended Juan José Maunéz School in Naguabo, Puerto Rico, and was signed as an international free agent by the Cincinnati Reds in 2015.
- After working his way through the Reds' minor league system, Díaz was added to the team's 40-man roster ahead of the 2021 season to protect him from the Rule 5 Draft.
- Díaz debuted in 2022, appearing regularly in the bullpen and providing late-inning relief over the past three seasons.
- He has consistently been used in high-leverage roles, including a mix of closing and setup opportunities, while continuing to refine his command.



Application Of Salary Arbitration Criteria



Platform Year

Alexis Díaz's 2024 season saw him appear in 60 games for the Cincinnati Reds, serving primarily as a closer. While he recorded 28 saves, he struggled with a 3.99 ERA, a declining 8.8 SO/9, and a 5.0 BB/9, marking a step back from prior seasons.

Length and Consistency of Career Contributions

Over his three MLB seasons, Díaz has compiled a 2.93 career ERA, 89 Holds+Saves, and 224 strikeouts in 187.1 innings, establishing himself as a reliable late-inning reliever. However, his career 4.8 BB/9 and declining strikeout efficiency suggest ongoing challenges with consistency.

Past Compensation

Díaz has earned league-minimum salaries throughout his career, appropriate for a pre-arbitration player. His current arbitration filing reflects an evaluation of his platform season and cumulative contributions.

Comparable Salaries

Comparable first-time arbitration-eligible relievers include Josh Hader, Ken Giles, David Bednar, and Jordan Romano, all of whom excelled in key metrics like SO/BB ratio, WHIP, and fWAR, highlighting areas where Díaz trails.

Existence of Physical Defects

The existence of a physical defect is not an issue in this case.

Team Success

The Reds finished 62–100 in 2022, improved to 74–88 in 2023, and regressed to 66–96 in 2024. Díaz was part of the bullpen during this period, but his 2024 performance did not significantly impact the team's overall results.

2022 Season



Season	Age	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	H	ER	HR	BB	SO	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
2022	25	1.1	1.84	59	10	12	4	63.2	28	13	5	33	83	237	3.32	0.958	4.0	0.7	4.7	11.7	2.52	1.58

- Díaz was a key contributor to the Cincinnati Reds bullpen, appearing in 59 games and providing valuable late-inning relief.
- He recorded a 1.84 ERA with 12 holds and 10 saves, balancing both setup and closing responsibilities.
- While Díaz struck out 83 batters in 63.2 innings, his 4.7 BB/9 rate highlighted control issues that occasionally created challenges.
- The Reds struggled to a 62–100 record, but Díaz’s rookie performance offered a solid foundation for future bullpen stability.

2023 Season



Season	Age	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	H	ER	HR	BB	SO	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
2023	26	1.8	3.07	71	37	2	3	67.1	44	23	4	36	86	152	3.52	1.188	5.9	0.5	4.8	11.5	2.39	2.09

- Díaz made 71 appearances for the Cincinnati Reds, primarily as the team’s closer, and played a regular role in high-leverage situations.
- He recorded a 3.07 ERA with 37 saves and 2 holds, though his control remained a challenge with a 4.8 BB/9 rate.
- While Díaz struck out 86 batters in 67.1 innings, he also allowed a WHIP of 1.188, reflecting occasional difficulties managing baserunners.
- The Reds finished the season 74–88, with Díaz providing stability in the bullpen despite some inconsistencies.

2024 Season : Platform Year



Season	Age	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	H	ER	HR	BB	SO	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
2024	27	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	42	25	6	31	55	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51

- Díaz appeared in 60 games for the Cincinnati Reds, with the team relying on him in high-leverage situations, though his performance marked a step back from prior seasons.
- He posted a 3.99 ERA with 28 saves but struggled with control, issuing 31 walks in 56.1 innings for a 5.0 BB/9 rate.
- Díaz’s strikeout rate declined to 8.8 SO/9, and his WHIP increased to 1.296, reflecting difficulties maintaining efficiency.
- The Reds finished the season with a 66–96 record, struggling to compete in close games as bullpen inconsistencies, including Díaz’s regression, impacted their overall performance.



Past Compensation



	Year	Age	Service Time	Salary
PRE- ARBITRATION	2022	25	1.000	\$700,000
	2023	26	2.000	\$730,000
	2024	27	3.000	\$760,000

Alexis Díaz's pre-arbitration salaries—\$700,000 in 2022, \$730,000 in 2023, and \$760,000 in 2024.



Reds' Struggles During Díaz's Three Seasons



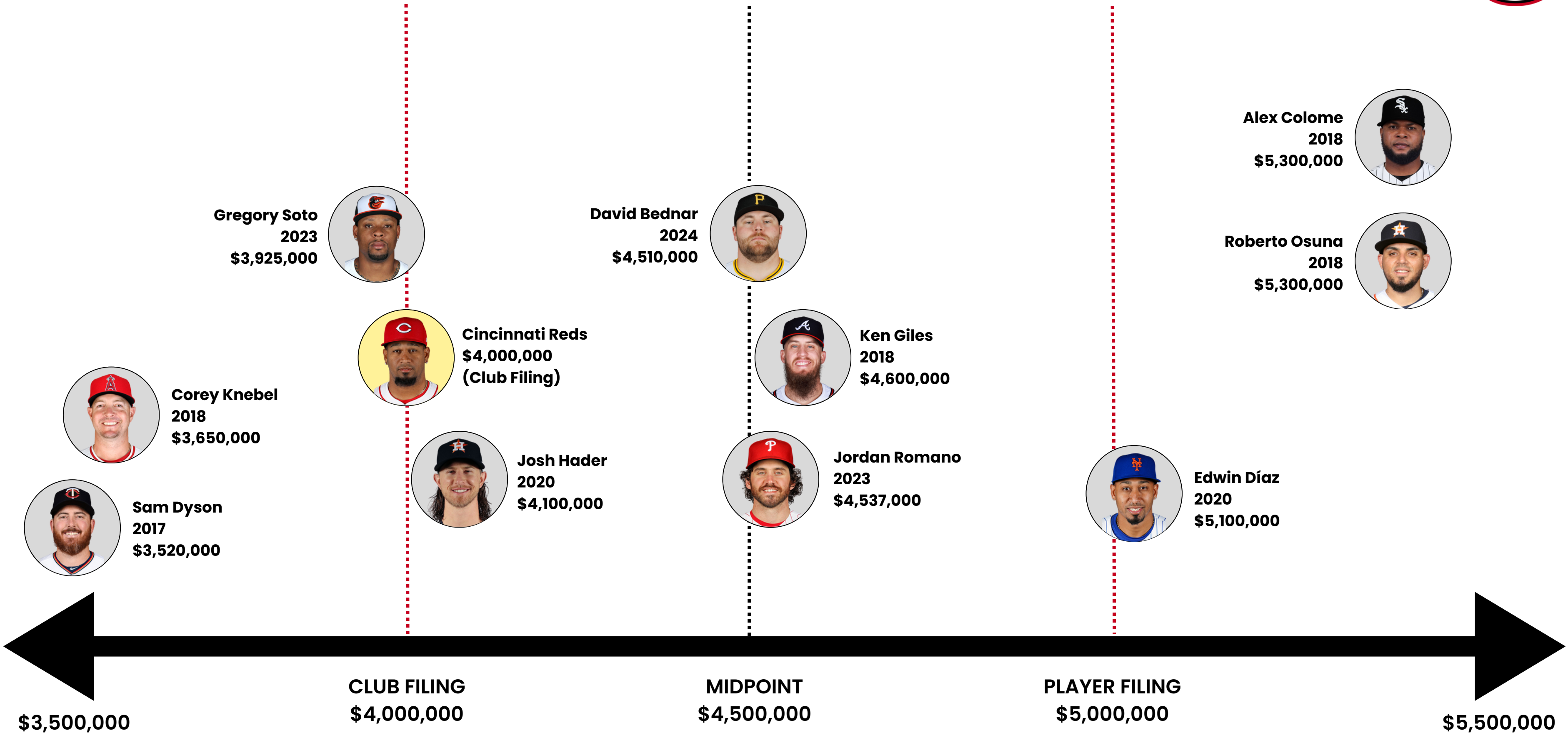
Over the three seasons Díaz was on the team, the Reds had a combined record of 202–284, **finishing below .500 each year.**

The team's performance peaked in 2023 with a 74–88 record, but regressed to 66–96 in 2024, highlighting ongoing struggles despite Díaz's presence in the bullpen.

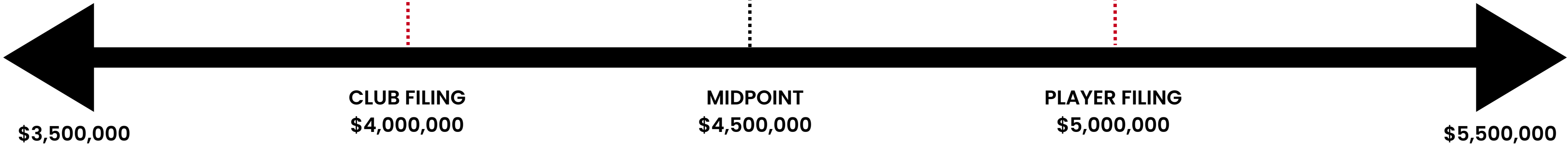
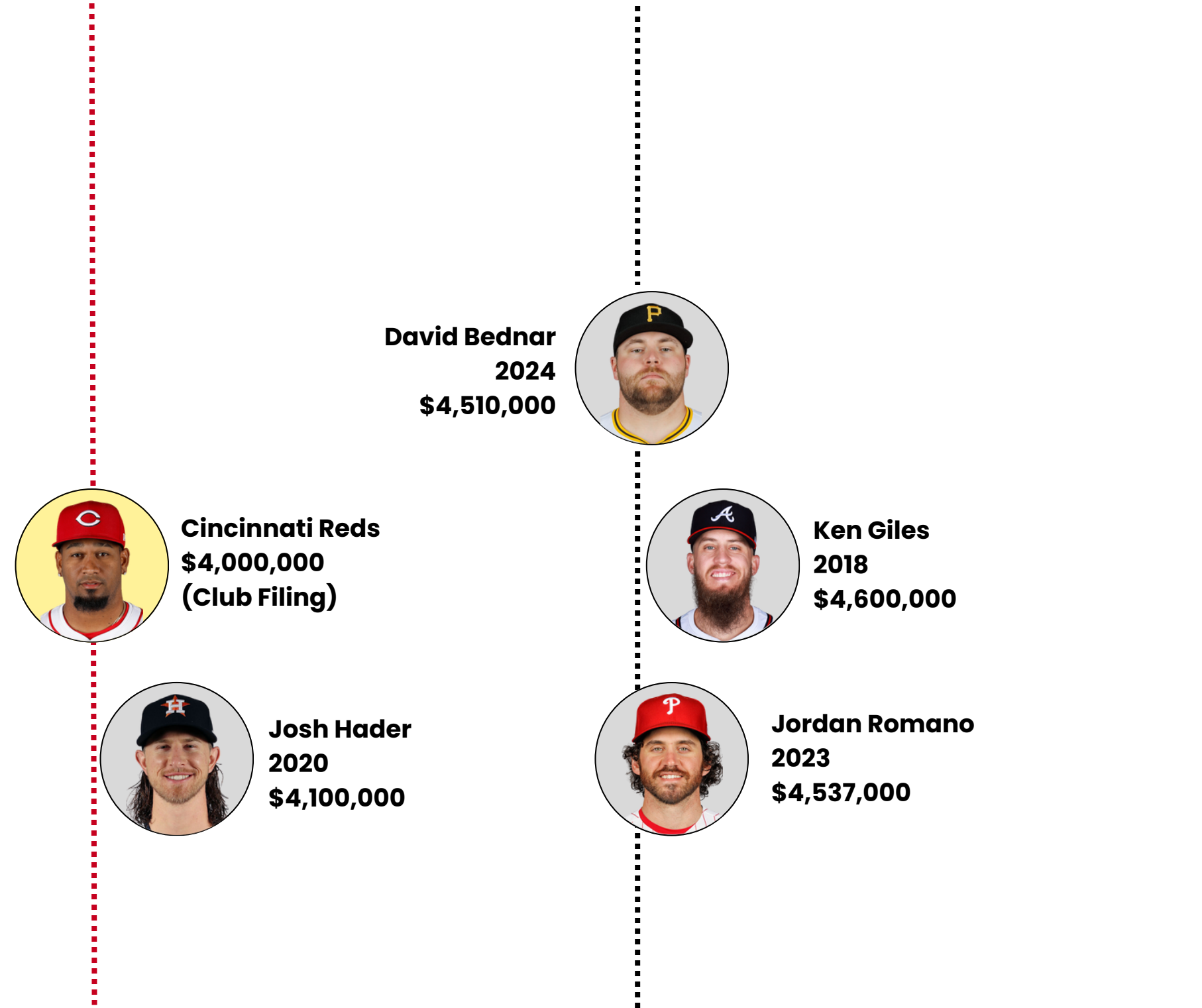




1 SAE Market : Entirety



1 SAE Market : Comparables



1 SAE Market : Comparables Platform Year



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Diaz	2024	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
Josh Hader	2019	2.3	2.62	61	37	6	7	75.2	170	3.1	0.806	4.9	1.8	2.4	16.4	6.9	2.08
Ken Giles	2017	1.8	2.30	63	34	2	4	62.2	178	2.39	1.037	6.3	0.6	3.0	11.9	3.95	1.51
David Bednar	2023	2.3	2.00	66	39	0	3	67.1	224	2.53	1.099	7.1	0.4	2.8	10.7	3.81	1.86
Jordan Romano	2022	1.5	2.11	63	36	2	6	64.0	183	2.82	1.016	6.2	0.6	3.0	10.3	3.48	2.12

1 SAE Market : Comparables Career Look Back



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Diaz	2022-2024	3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75
Josh Hader	2017-2019	5.9	2.42	151	49	39	13	204.2	178	2.73	0.85	4.5	1.2	3.2	15.3	4.85	1.77
Ken Giles	2014-2017	7.1	2.43	245	65	45	14	244.0	161	2.25	1.107	6.9	0.6	3.0	12.4	4.1	1.45
David Bednar	2019-2023	4.8	2.90	196	61	19	9	208.0	162	2.78	1.16	7.6	0.8	2.9	11.0	3.85	1.47
Jordan Romano	2019-2022	3.6	2.37	183	66	17	8	182.0	165	3.33	1.06	6.1	1.0	3.4	11.7	3.42	1.74

Díaz v. Hader : Introduction



Josh Hader, though a Super Two player, shares a **comparable workload** and role to Díaz as a reliever trusted in both setup and closing situations.

Both pitchers were regularly used in high-leverage innings and contributed consistently to their teams' bullpens.

Alexis Díaz (2025)

1 SAE Club File
\$4,000,000

1 SAE Midpoint
\$4,500,000

1 SAE Player File
\$5,000,000



Josh Hader (2020)

1 SAE Salary
\$4,100,000

\$100,000 above
Club File

\$400,000 below
Midpoint



Díaz v. Hader : Career Summary



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2022-2024	3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75
Josh Hader	2017-2019	5.9	2.42	151	49	39	13	204.2	178	2.73	0.85	4.5	1.2	3.2	15.3	4.85	1.77

Josh Hader's career metrics surpass Díaz's in nearly every category, with better fWAR (5.9 vs. 3.2), ERA (2.42 vs. 2.93), and strikeout rates (15.3 SO/9 vs. 10.8 SO/9).

Though their Holds+Saves totals (89 vs. 88) are close, Hader's superior control metrics, like his WHIP (0.850 vs. 1.142) and SO/BB ratio (4.85 vs. 2.24), solidify his dominance.

Díaz v. Hader : Platform Year



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2024	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
Josh Hader	2019	2.3	2.62	61	37	6	7	75.2	170	3.1	0.806	4.9	1.8	2.4	16.4	6.9	2.08

Josh Hader outperformed Alexis Díaz in his platform year, with significantly better fWAR (2.3 vs. 0.3), ERA (2.62 vs. 3.99), and Holds+Saves (43 vs. 28).

Hader's superior control and efficiency, evident in his WHIP (0.806 vs. 1.296) and strikeout production (16.4 SO/9 vs. 8.8 SO/9), highlight his dominance.

Díaz v. Giles : Introduction



Ken Giles offers a **comparable profile to Díaz** as a hard-throwing reliever with experience in high-leverage innings.

Both players balanced closing and setup roles while providing valuable contributions in late-inning situations.

Alexis Díaz (2025)

1 SAE Club File
\$4,000,000

1 SAE Midpoint
\$4,500,000

1 SAE Player File
\$5,000,000



Ken Giles (2018)

1 SAE Salary
\$4,600,000

\$600,000 above
Club File

\$100,000 above
Midpoint



Díaz v. Giles : Career Summary



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2022-2024	3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75
Ken Giles	2014-2017	7.1	2.43	245	65	45	14	244.0	161	2.25	1.107	6.9	0.6	3.0	12.4	4.1	1.45

Ken Giles has the edge over Díaz with higher fWAR (7.1 vs. 3.2) and better Holds+Saves totals (110 vs. 89).

Giles FIP (2.25 vs. 3.77) and strikeout metrics, including a much higher SO/BB ratio (4.1 vs. 2.24), underscore his dominance and versatility.

Díaz v. Giles : Platform Year



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2024	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
Ken Giles	2017	1.8	2.30	63	34	2	4	62.2	178	2.39	1.037	6.3	0.6	3.0	11.9	3.95	1.51

Ken Giles was clearly superior in his platform year, with better fWAR (1.8 vs. 0.3), ERA (2.30 vs. 3.99), and Holds+Saves (36 vs. 28).

Giles's underlying metrics, including his FIP (2.39 vs. 4.57) and strikeout efficiency (SO/BB ratio 3.95 vs. 1.77), demonstrate his reliability in leverage situations.

Díaz v. Bednar : Introduction



David Bednar and Alexis Díaz **share comparable career** workloads and roles as late-inning relievers, combining saves and holds to contribute to their teams' bullpens.

However, **Bednar delivered a far more effective platform season**, demonstrating greater consistency and reliability in critical situations.

Alexis Díaz (2025)

1 SAE Club File
\$4,000,000

1 SAE Midpoint
\$4,500,000

1 SAE Player File
\$5,000,000



David Bednar (2024)

1 SAE Salary
\$4,510,000

\$510,000 above
Club File

\$10,000 above
Midpoint



Díaz v. Bednar : Career Summary



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2022-2024	3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75
David Bednar	2019-2023	4.8	2.90	196	61	19	9	208.0	162	2.78	1.16	7.6	0.8	2.9	11.0	3.85	1.47

Bednar has the edge in career metrics, with better fWAR (4.8 vs. 3.2), FIP (2.78 vs. 3.77), and SO/BB ratio (3.85 vs. 2.24).

While Díaz leads in saves (75 vs. 61), Bednar's superior Holds+Saves total (80 vs. 89) and consistent performance underscore his greater overall value.

Díaz v. Bednar : Platform Year



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2024	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
David Bednar	2023	2.3	2.00	66	39	0	3	67.1	224	2.53	1.099	7.1	0.4	2.8	10.7	3.81	1.86

David Bednar was clearly superior in his platform year, with better fWAR (2.3 vs. 0.3), ERA (2.00 vs. 3.99), and Holds+Saves (39 vs. 28).

Bednar's superior command is evident in his lower FIP (2.53 vs. 4.57) and higher SO/BB ratio (3.81 vs. 1.77).

Díaz v. Romano : Introduction



Jordan Romano serves as a comparable to Díaz based on his mix of saves, holds, and strikeout ability.

Both pitchers were integral parts of their teams' late-inning relief corps, handling significant responsibilities in high-leverage situations.

Alexis Díaz (2025)

1 SAE Club File
\$4,000,000

1 SAE Midpoint
\$4,500,000

1 SAE Player File
\$5,000,000



Jordan Romano (2023)

1 SAE Salary
\$4,537,000

\$537,000 above
Club File

\$37,000 above
Midpoint



Díaz v. Romano : Career Summary



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2022-2024	3.2	2.93	190	75	14	11	187.1	153	3.77	1.142	5.5	0.7	4.8	10.8	2.24	1.75
Jordan Romano	2019-2022	3.6	2.37	183	66	17	8	182.0	165	3.33	1.06	6.1	1.0	3.4	11.7	3.42	1.74

Jordan Romano's career metrics surpass Díaz's in fWAR (3.6 vs. 3.2) and ERA (2.37 vs. 2.93), while Díaz has the edge in Holds+Saves (89 vs. 83).

Romano's superior command and efficiency, reflected in his better WHIP (1.060 vs. 1.142) and SO/BB ratio (3.42 vs. 2.24), establish him as the more effective pitcher overall.

Díaz v. Romano : Platform Year



Player	Season	fWAR	ERA	G	SV	HLD	BS	IP	ERA+	FIP	WHIP	H9	HR9	BB9	SO9	SO/BB	gmLI
Alexis Díaz	2024	0.3	3.99	60	28	0	4	56.1	111	4.57	1.296	6.7	1.0	5.0	8.8	1.77	1.51
Jordan Romano	2022	1.5	2.11	63	36	2	6	64.0	183	2.82	1.016	6.2	0.6	3.0	10.3	3.48	2.12

Jordan Romano was the better pitcher in his platform year, with superior fWAR (1.5 vs. 0.3), ERA (2.11 vs. 3.99), and Holds+Saves (38 vs. 28).

Romano's underlying metrics, including his better FIP (2.82 vs. 4.57) and strikeout efficiency (SO/BB ratio 3.48 vs. 1.77), highlight his dominance.

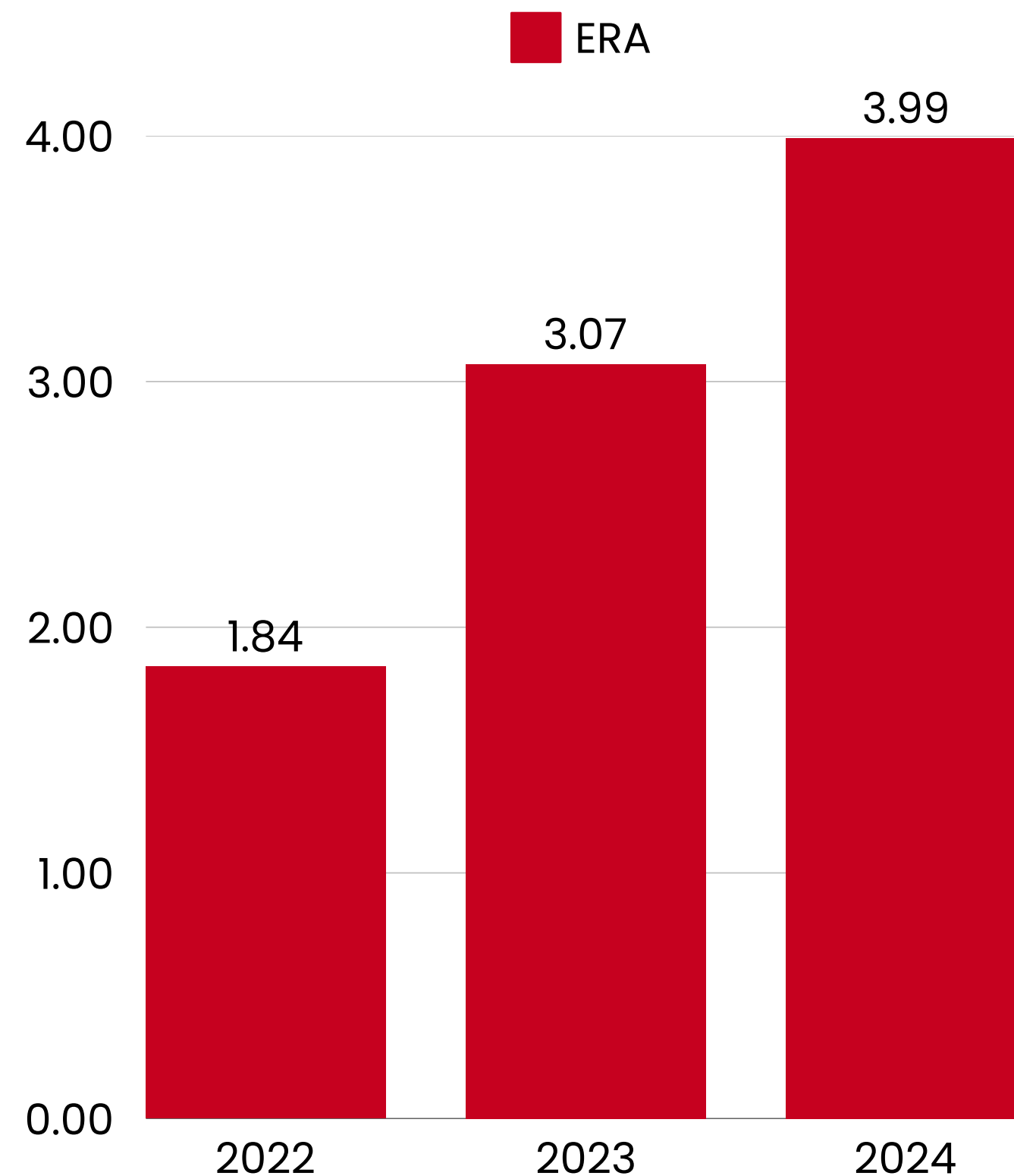


Length and Consistency of Career Contributions



Alexis Díaz's ERA has increased each season, starting at 1.84 in 2022, rising to 3.07 in 2023, and reaching 3.99 in 2024.

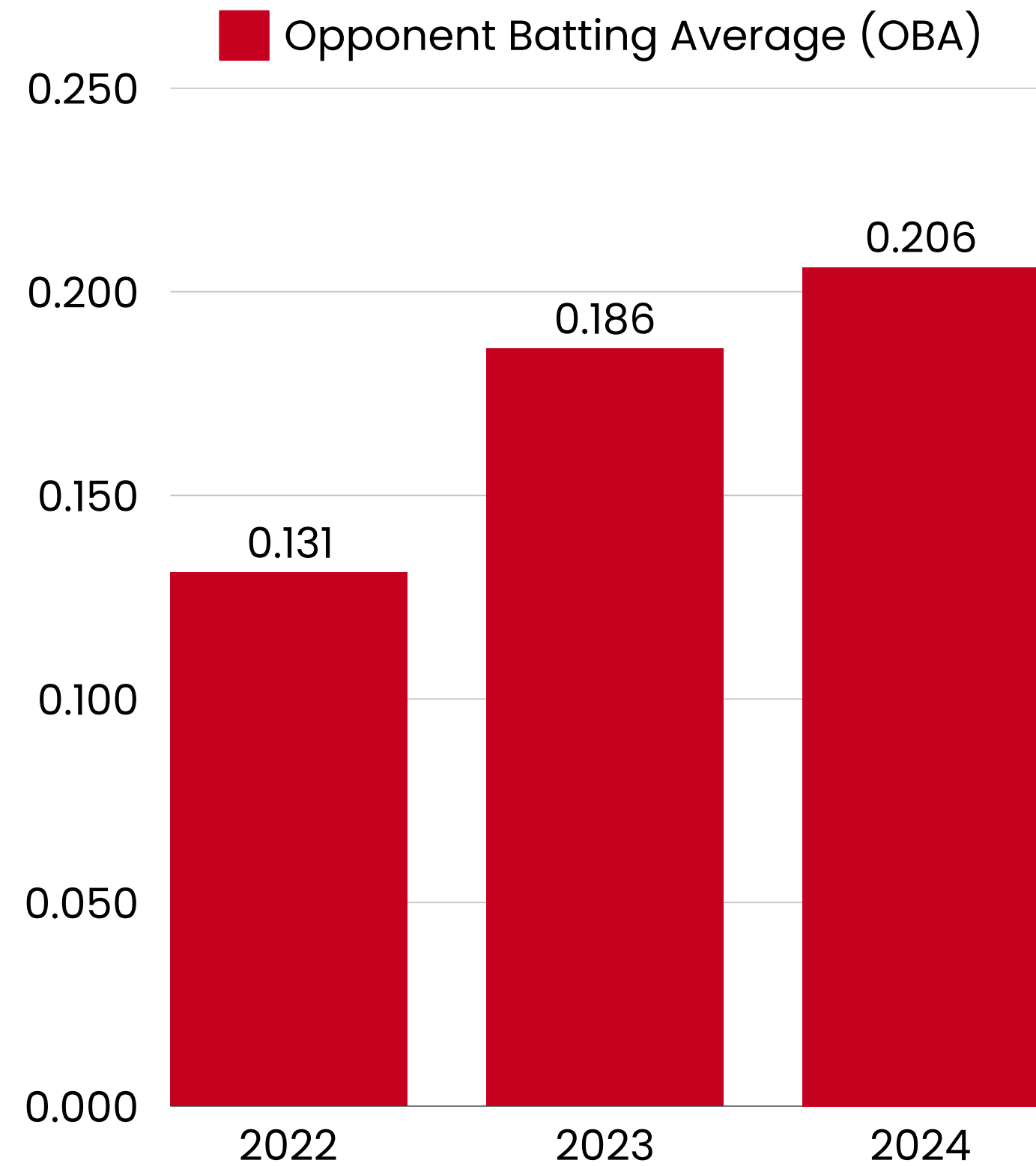
This upward trend reflects challenges in maintaining consistent run prevention across his three-year career.



Length and Consistency of Career Contributions



Opponents hit for a progressively higher average against Díaz each year, signaling declining dominance.

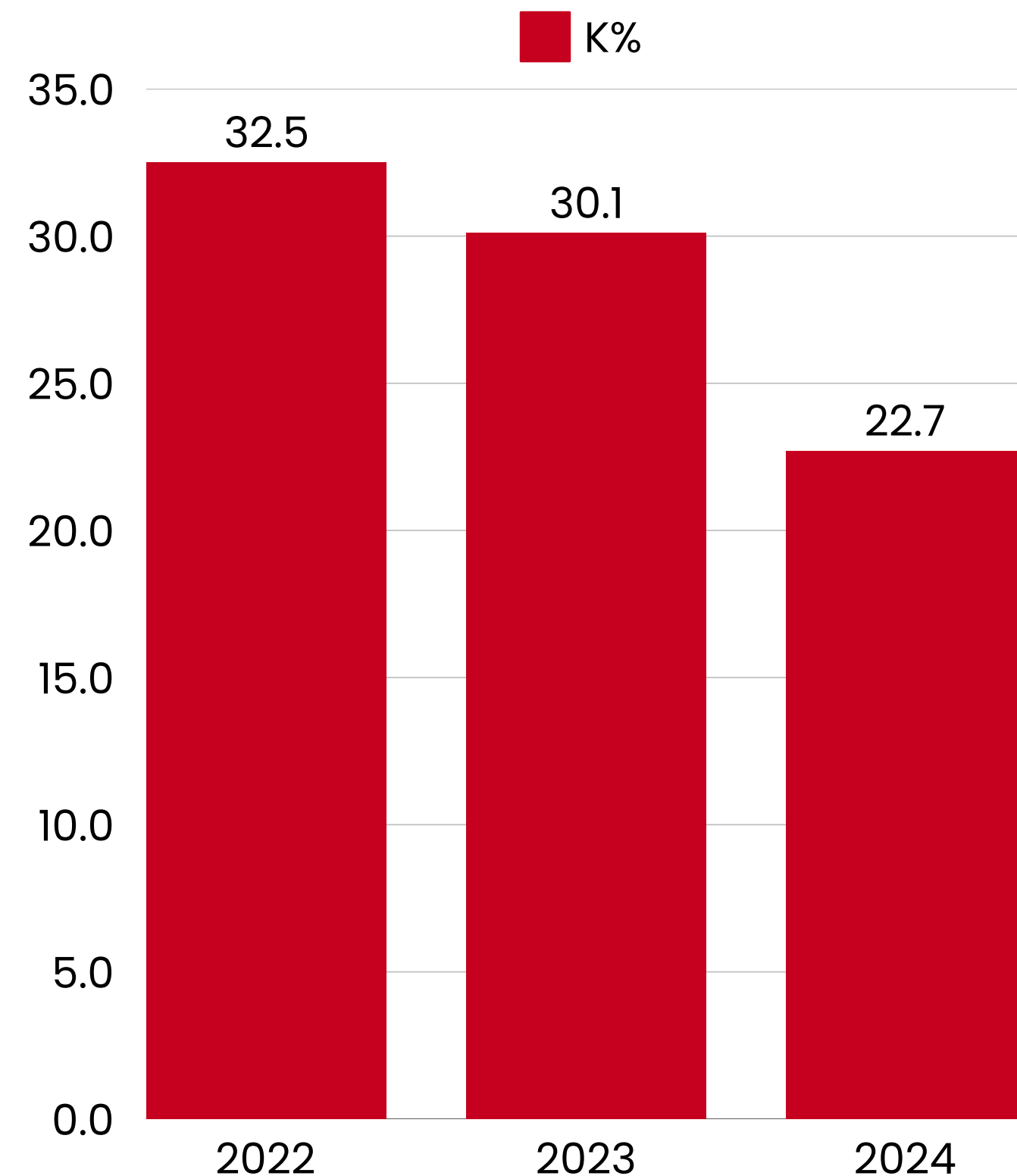


Length and Consistency of Career Contributions



Díaz's strikeout rate has steadily decreased over his three seasons, from 32.5% in 2022 to 30.1% in 2023, and further to 22.7% in 2024.

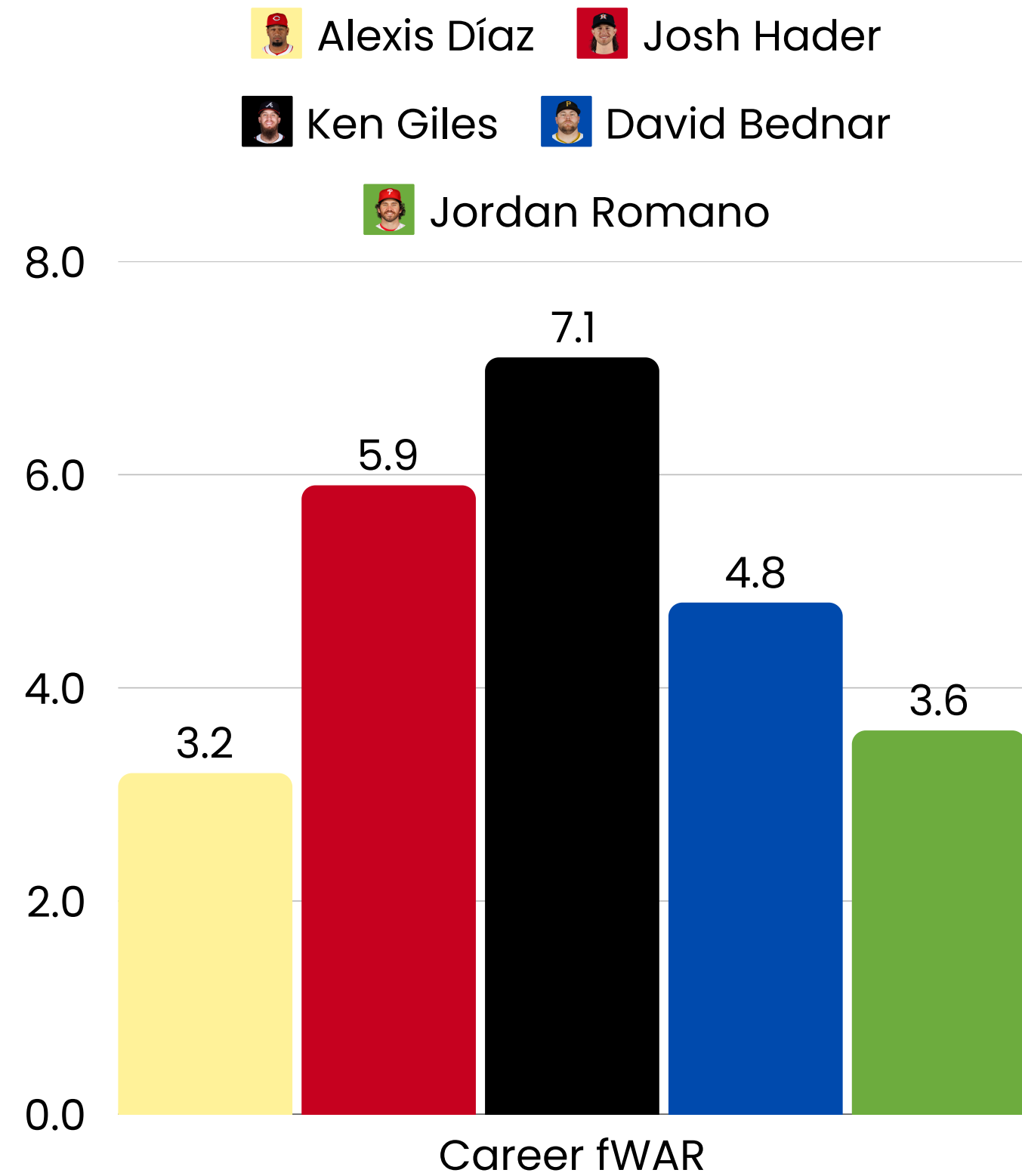
This decline reflects diminishing dominance, as strikeouts are a critical measure of a reliever's ability to control games in high-leverage situations.



Comparables : fWAR



Alexis Díaz's career fWAR ranks last among the five pitchers, with a 3.2.

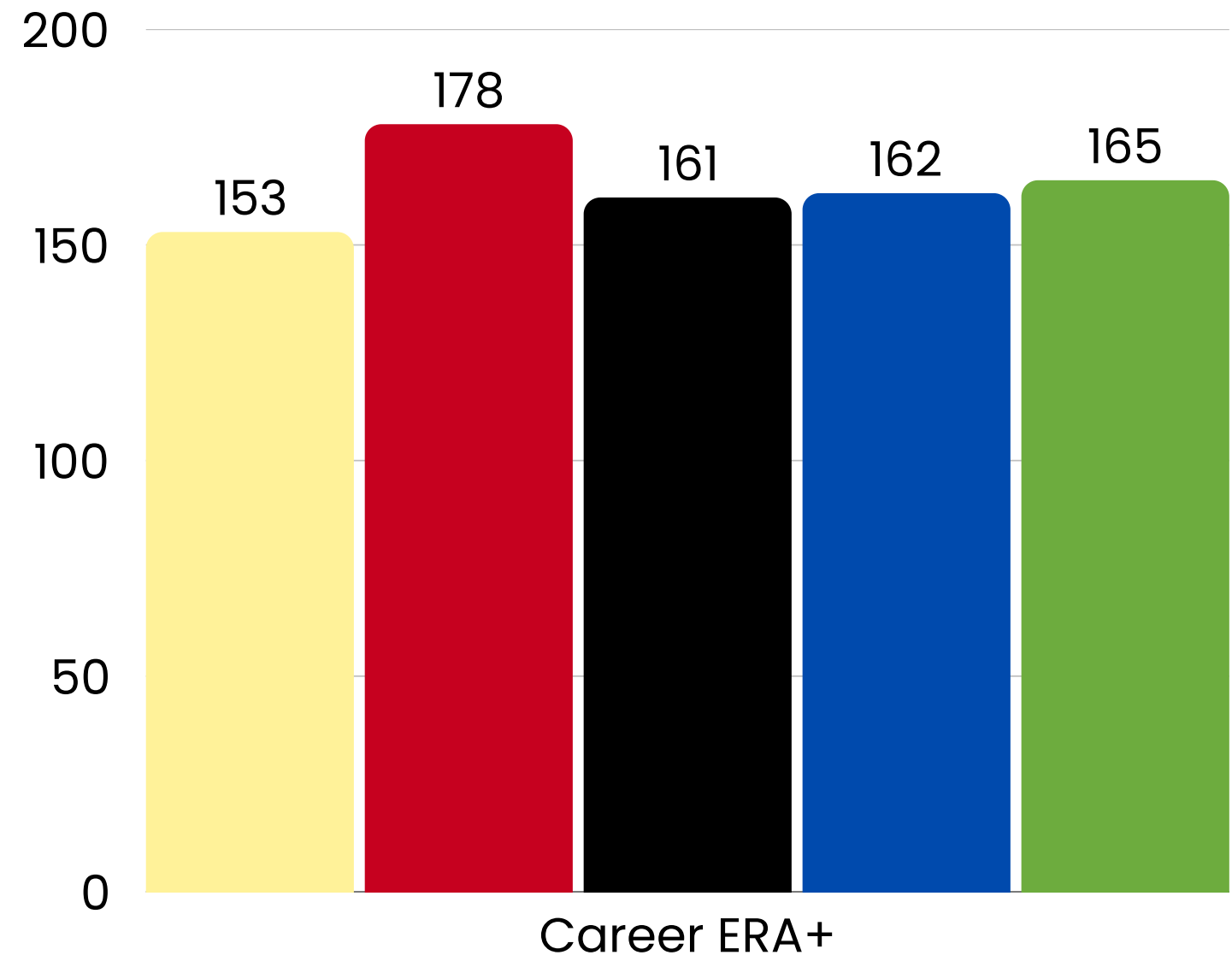


Comparables : ERA+



- Alexis Díaz
- Josh Hader
- Ken Giles
- David Bednar
- Jordan Romano

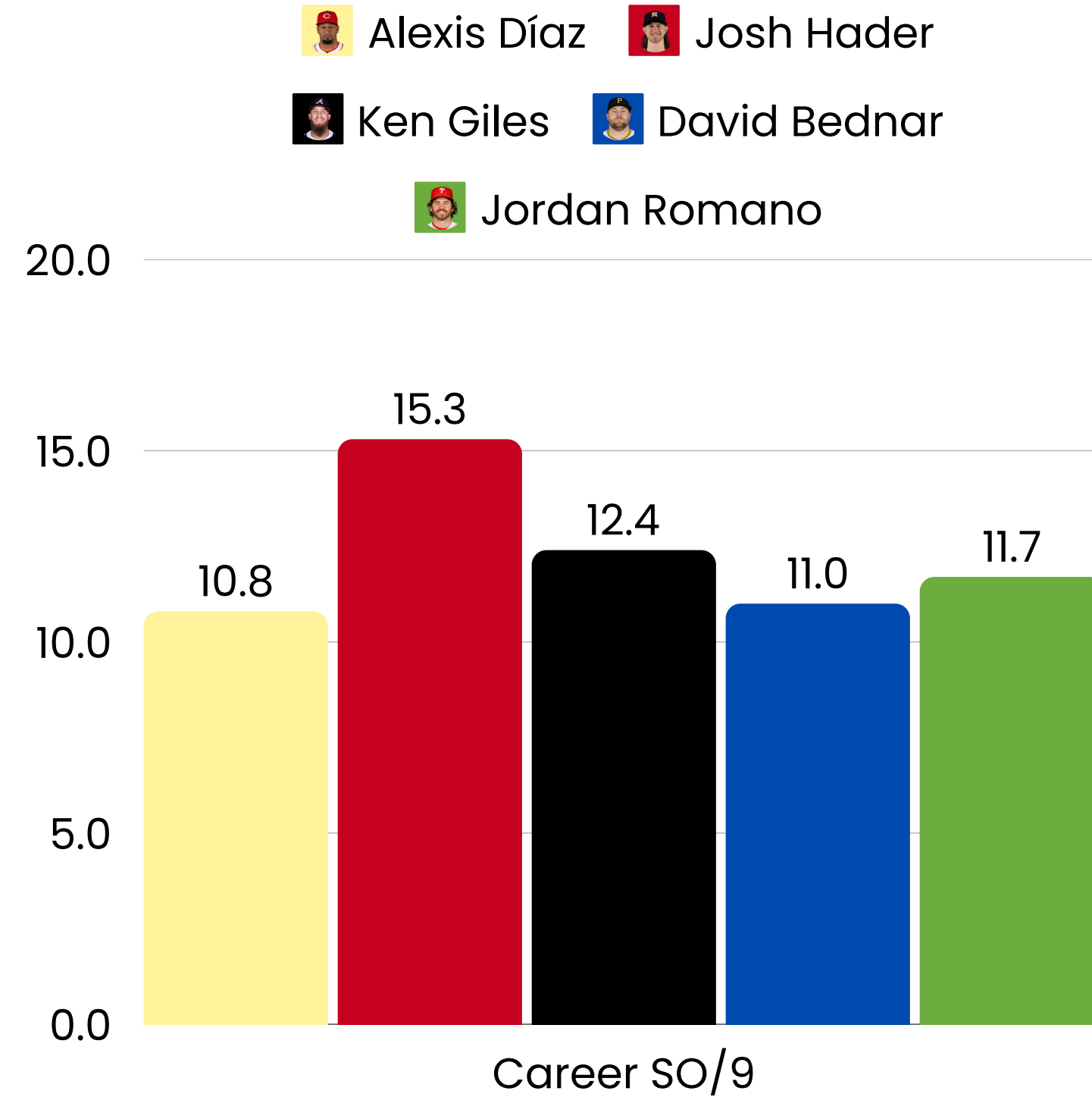
Díaz's career ERA+ (153) places him in the last out of the group.



Comparables : SO/9



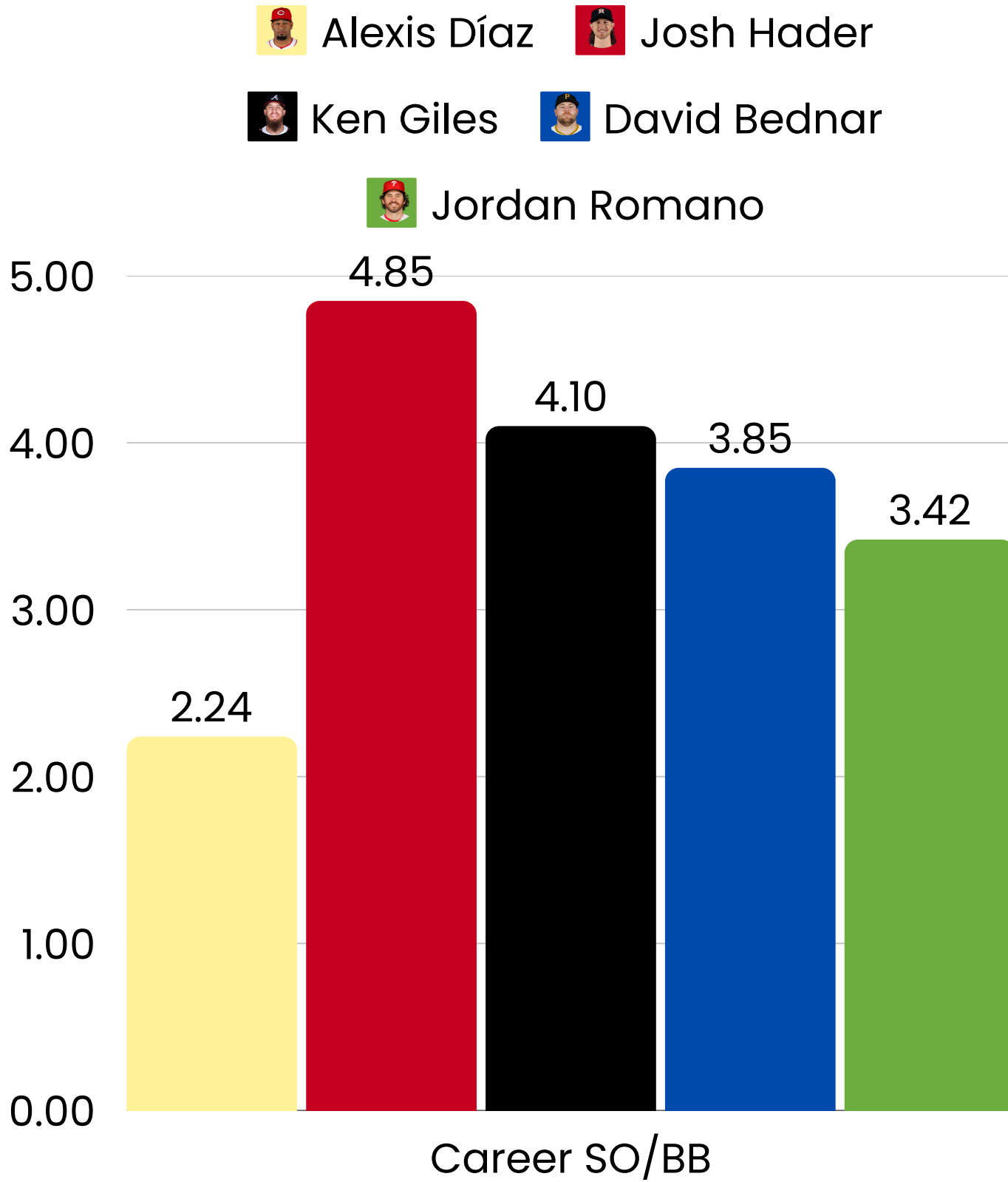
Díaz's career strikeout ability (10.8 SO/9) ranks last in the group.



Comparables : SO/BB



Díaz career SO/BB ratio ranks last in the group in efficiency.

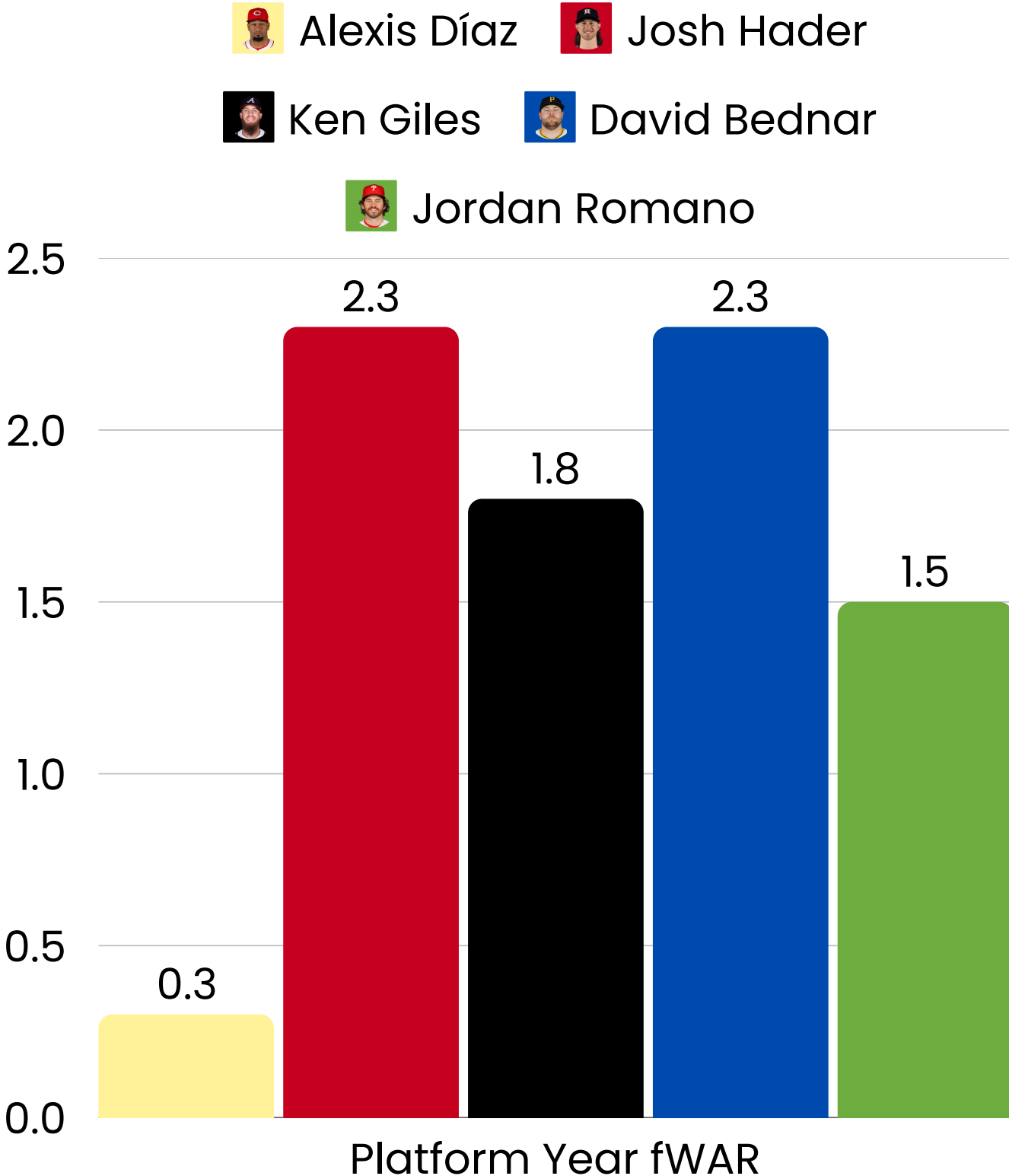




2024 Season : fWAR Comparables



Alexis Díaz's platform year ranks last among the five pitchers, with his 0.3 fWAR.



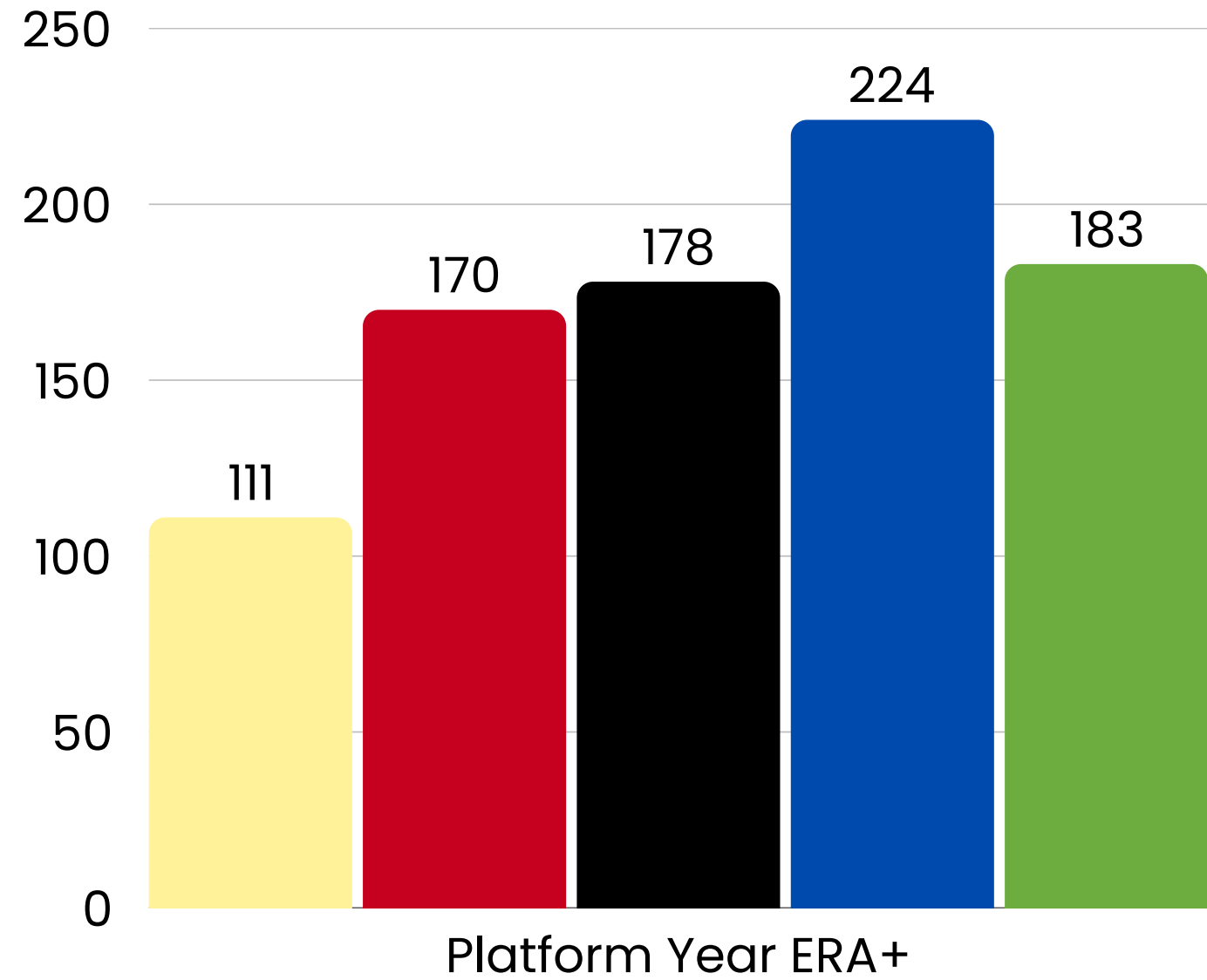
2024 Season : Run Prevention Concerns



Díaz recorded a 3.99 ERA over 56.1 innings in 2024, struggling to consistently limit runs in high-leverage situations.

This elevated ERA highlights inefficiency in his primary role as a closer, impacting his ability to secure leads.

- Alexis Díaz
- Josh Hader
- Ken Giles
- David Bednar
- Jordan Romano

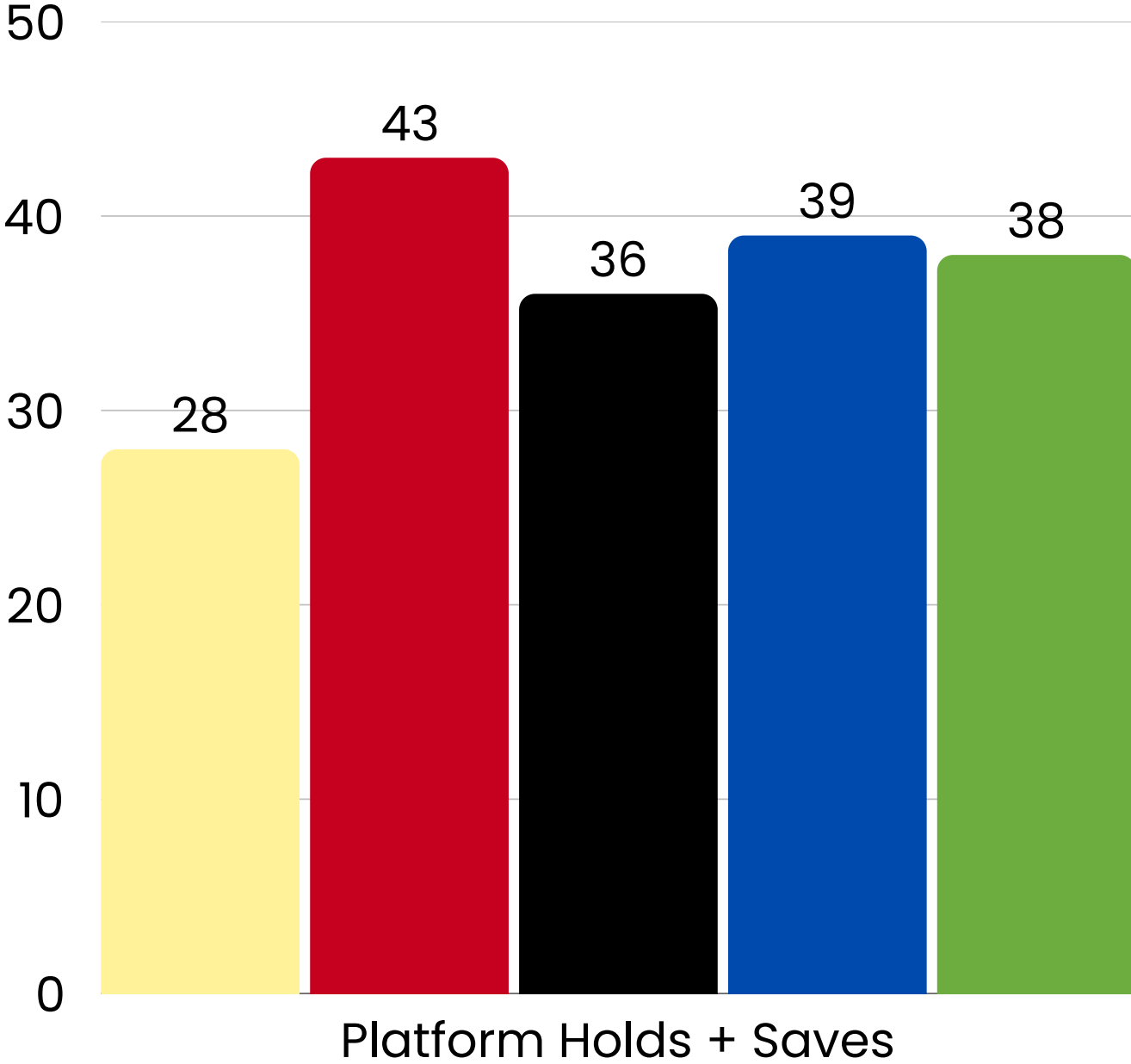


2024 Season : Holds + Saves Comparables








- Alexis Díaz
- Josh Hader
- Ken Giles
- David Bednar
- Jordan Romano

Alexis Díaz's Holds + Saves in his platform year ranks last among the five pitchers, with 28.



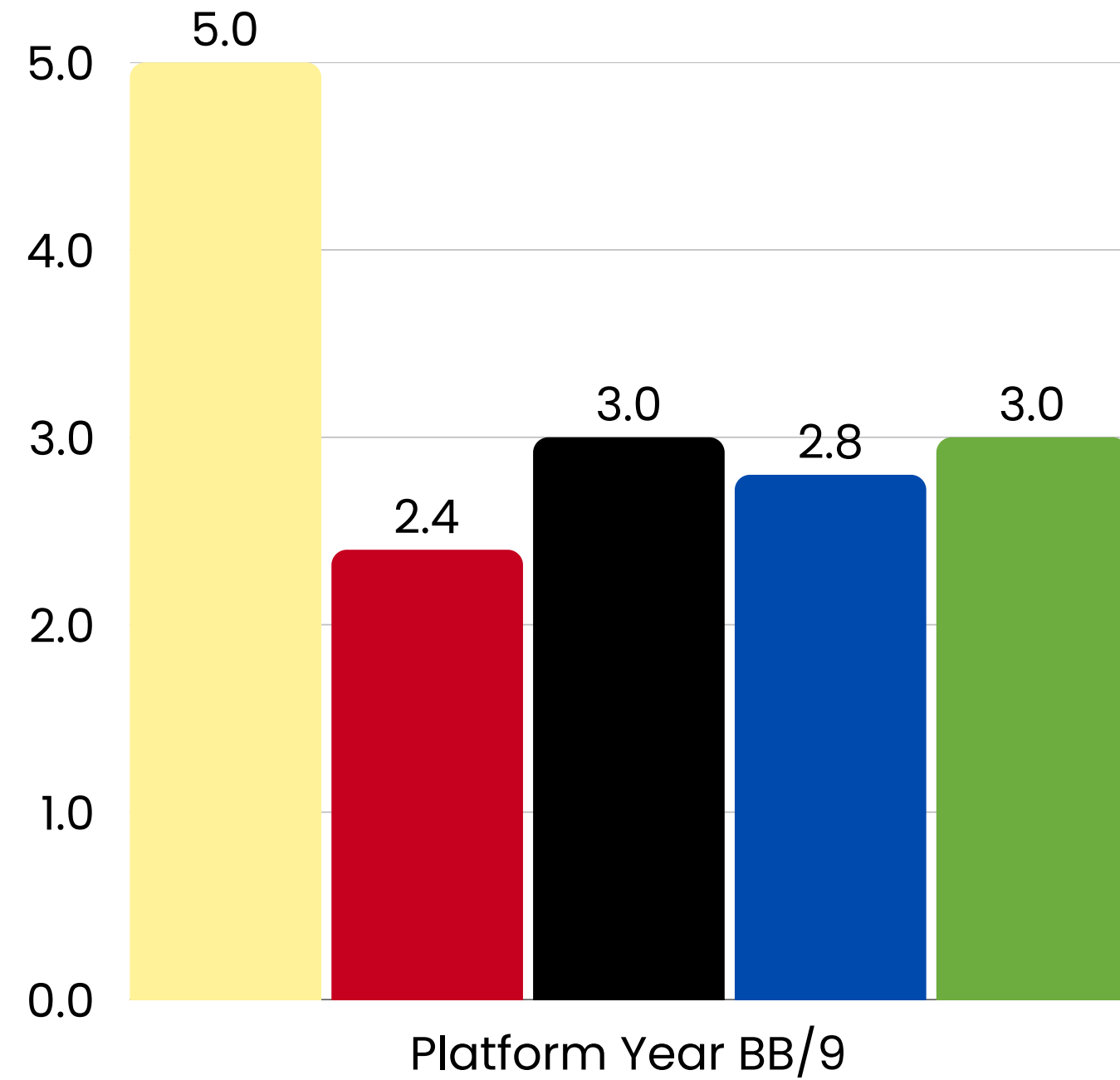
2024 Season : Control Problems



-  Alexis Díaz
-  Josh Hader
-  Ken Giles
-  David Bednar
-  Jordan Romano

With a 5.0 BB/9, Díaz's walks remained a recurring issue, adding unnecessary baserunners in key situations.

Díaz ranks last in control with the highest BB/9 across the board.



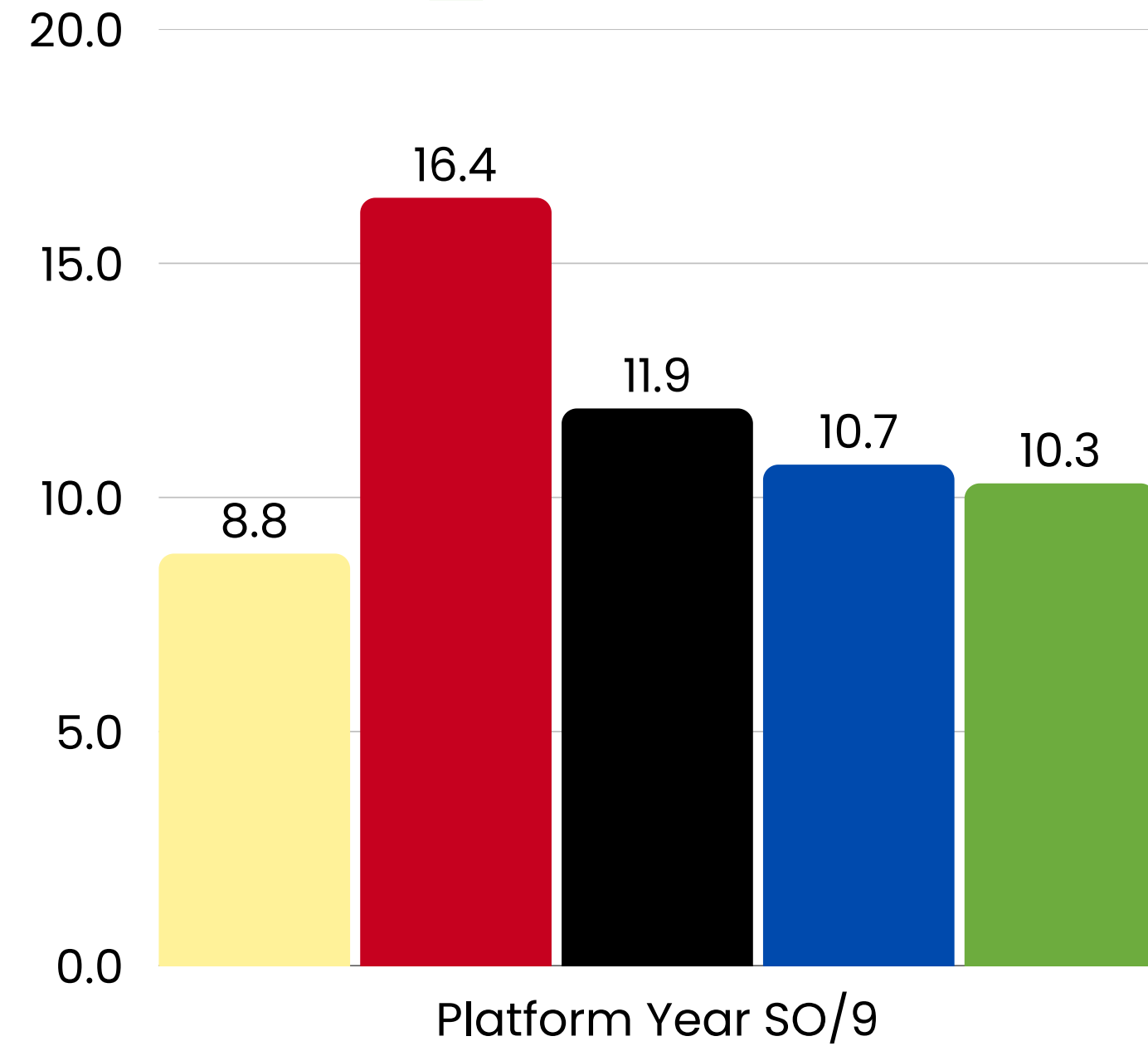
2024 Season : Reduced Ability to Miss Bats



-  Alexis Díaz
-  Josh Hader
-  Ken Giles
-  David Bednar
-  Jordan Romano




Díaz posted a 8.8 SO/9 in 2024, highlighting decreased effectiveness in overpowering hitters.

Díaz's platform year strikeout ability ranks last in the group.

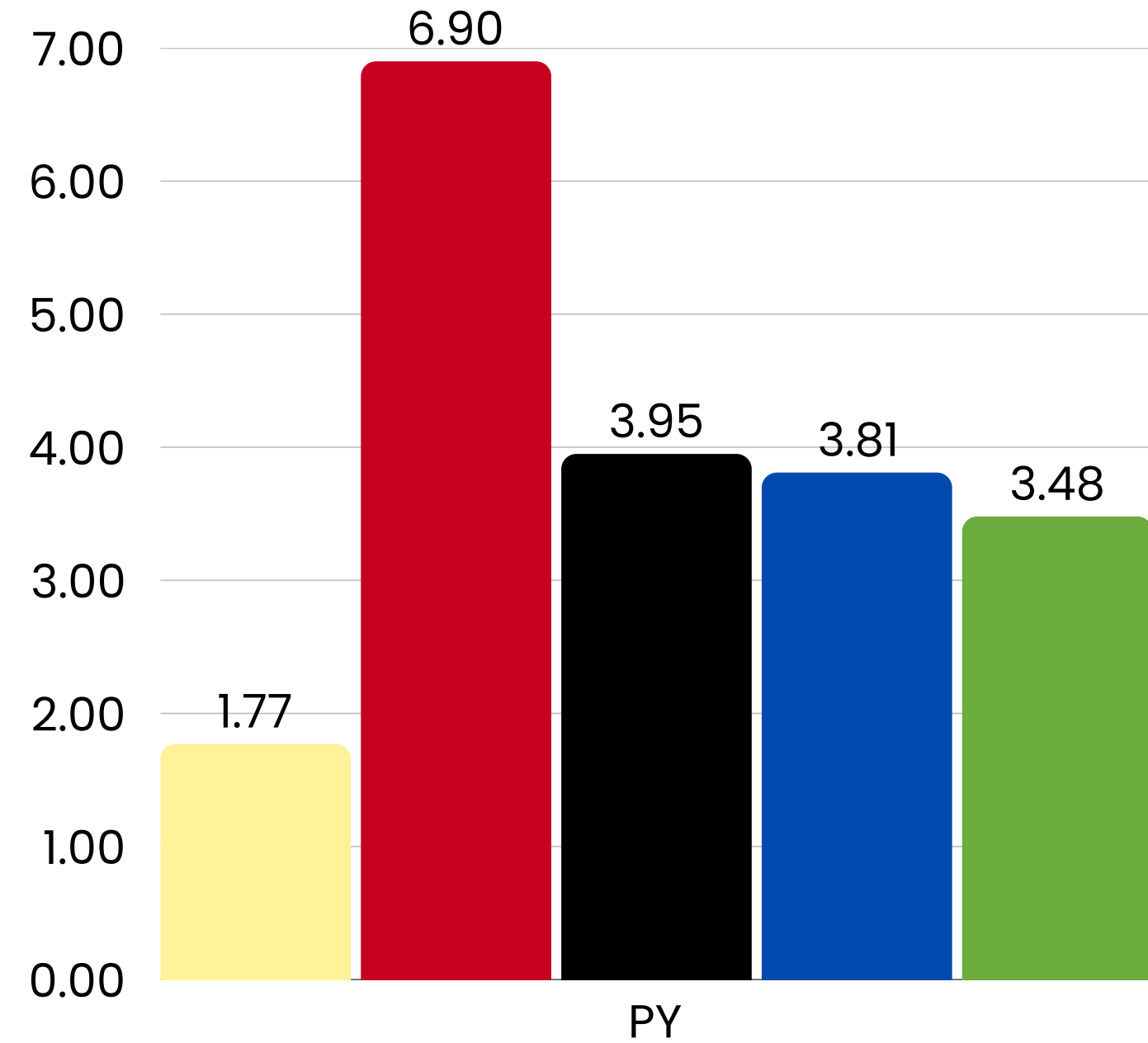


2024 Season : SO/BB Comparables



-  Alexis Díaz
-  Josh Hader
-  Ken Giles
-  David Bednar
-  Jordan Romano

Díaz platform year ranks last in efficiency with the lowest SO/BB.



1 SAE Market : Comparables



When compared to Josh Hader, Ken Giles, David Bednar, and Jordan Romano, Alexis Díaz's performance metrics, including **higher walk rates** (4.8 BB/9 career) and **weaker efficiency** (2.24 SO/BB career), do not surpass those of these comparables. Hader and Giles demonstrated greater dominance in their platform years, while Bednar and Romano offered superior reliability through better control, ERA, and WHIP.

With all four comparables receiving salaries at or below \$4.6 million, **Díaz warrants a salary aligned with the club's \$4.0 million filing.**